

DANGEROUS SNAKES OF MPUMALANGA



Mpumalanga has seventy five different types of snakes. Thirty six species are not venomous, while eleven can inflict rather painful bites. Seven species are considered potentially deadly.

VERY DANGEROUS
Has caused human fatalities

DANGEROUS
Painful bite, but does not require antivenom



VERY DANGEROUS

Black Mamba
(*Dendroaspis polylepis*)



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(*Dendroaspis polylepis*)



VERY DANGEROUS

Rinkhals
(*Hemachatus haemachatus*)



DANGEROUS

Bibron's Stiletto Snake
(*Atractaspis bibronii*) Photo Warren Dick



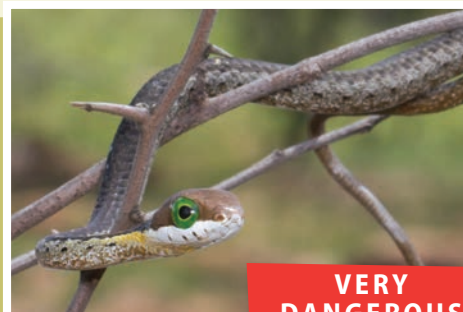
VERY DANGEROUS

Common Boomslang - male
(*Dispholidus typus viridis*)



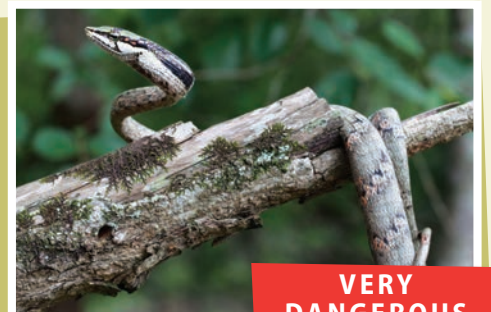
VERY DANGEROUS

Common Boomslang - female
(*Dispholidus typus viridis*) Photo André Coetzer



VERY DANGEROUS

Common Boomslang - juvenile
(*Dispholidus typus viridis*)



VERY DANGEROUS

Southern Twig Snake
(*Thelotornis capensis capensis*)



VERY DANGEROUS

Snouted Cobra
(*Naja annulifera*)



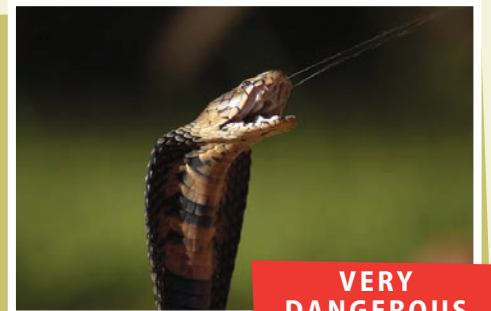
VERY DANGEROUS

Snouted Cobra - banded phase
(*Naja annulifera*)



VERY DANGEROUS

Mozambique Spitting Cobra
(*Naja mossambica*)



VERY DANGEROUS

Mozambique Spitting Cobra
(*Naja mossambica*) Photo Martin Smit



DANGEROUS

Berg Adder
(*Bitis atropos*) Photo Peter Webb



DANGEROUS

Rhombic Night Adder
(*Causus rhombeatus*)



VERY DANGEROUS

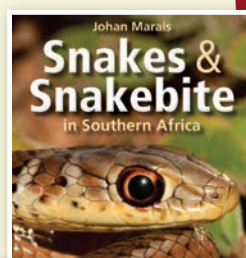
Puff Adder
(*Bitis arietans arietans*)



VERY DANGEROUS

Puff Adder
(*Bitis arietans arietans*)

JOHAN MARAIS is the author of various books on reptiles including the best-seller *A Complete Guide to Snakes of Southern Africa*. He is a popular public speaker and offers a variety of courses including **Snake Awareness**, **Scorpion Awareness** and **Venomous Snake Handling**. Johan is accredited by the International Society of Zoological Sciences (ISZS) and is a Field Guides Association of Southern Africa (FGASA) and Travel Doctor-approved service provider. His courses are also accredited by the Health Professions Council of South Africa (HPCSA).



EMERGENCY PROTOCOL

IN THE EVENT OF A SNAKE BITE

- 1 Keep the victim calm, immobilized and transport the victim to the closest hospital **without delay**.
- 2 If the victim stops breathing, resort to artificial respiration or make use of a Bag Valve Mask.
- 3 Call the Poison Information Centre help-line for further advice: 0861 555 777.

DO NOT

- ... apply a tourniquet.
- ... cut and suck the wound.
- ... use ice or very hot water.
- ... give the victim alcohol.
- ... apply electric shock.
- ... inject antivenom randomly.

Antivenom (if required) must be administered by a doctor in a hospital environment.

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