COMMON SNAKES OF MARLOTH NATURE RESERVE





CapeNature

DANGEROUS

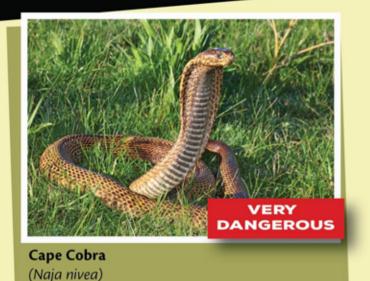
Has caused human fatalities **DANGEROUS**

Painful bite, but does Not thought to be not require antivenom harmful to humans

MILDLY **VENOMOUS**

HARMLESS

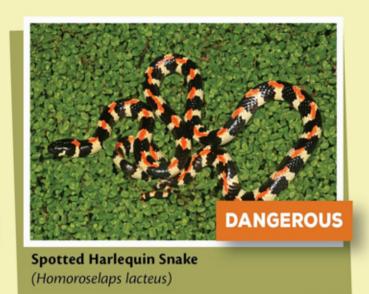
Not dangerous to humans





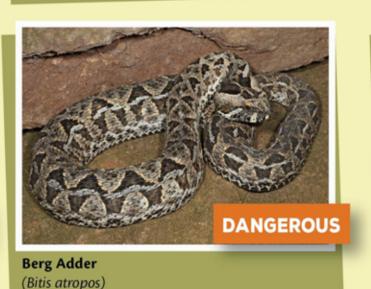


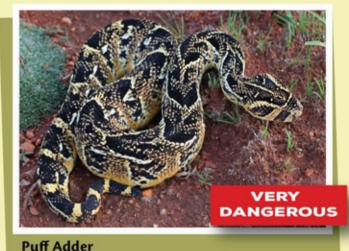
(Dispholidus typus)



VENOMOUS





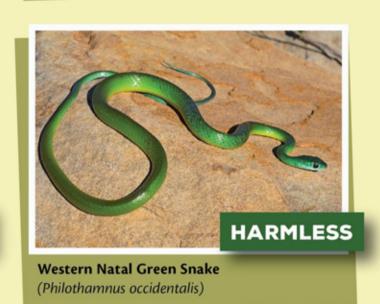


(Bitis arietans)

Many -spotted Reed Snake (Amplorhinus multimaculatus)



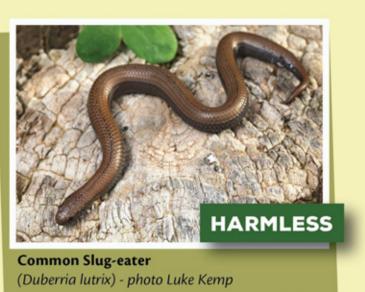




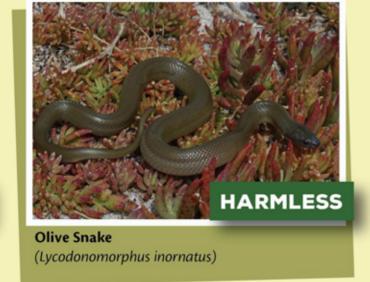


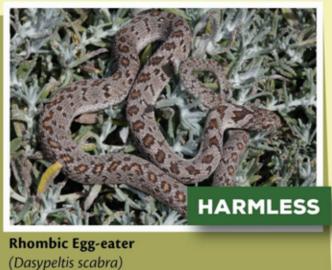






HARMLESS Brown Water Snake (Lycodonomorphus rufulus)





JOHAN MARAIS is the author of various books on reptiles including the best-seller A Complete Guide to Snakes of Southern Africa. He is a popular public speaker and offers a variety of courses including Snake Awareness, Scorpion Awareness and Venomous Snake Handling. Johan is accredited by the International Society of Zoological Sciences (ISZS) and is a Field Guides Association of Southern Africa (FGASA) and Travel Doctor-approved service provider. His courses are also accredited by the Health Professions Council of South Africa (HPCSA).

FREE ASI SNAKES APP

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EMERGENCY PROTOCOL

IN THE EVENT OF A SNAKE BITE

1 Keep the victim calm, immobilized and transport the victim to the closest hospital without delay.

2 If the victim stops breathing, resort to artificial respiration or make use of a Bag Valve Mask.

3 Call the Poison Information Centre helpline for further advice: 0861 555 777.

DO NOT —

- ... apply a tourniquet.
- ... cut and suck the wound.
- ... use ice or very hot water.
- ... give the victim alcohol.
- ... apply electric shock.
- ... inject antivenom randomly. Antivenom (if required) must be administered by a doctor in a hospital environment.