COMMON SNAKES of CARLETONVILLE



The Carletonville area has around 21 species of snakes. Only three are considered highly venomous. Another five are venomous, five are mildly venomous and eight others are harmless.

HIGHLY VENOMOUS

Has caused human fatalities

VENOMOUS

Painful bite, but does not require antivenom

MILDLY VENOMOUS

Not thought to be harmful to humans

HARMLESS

Not dangerous to humans



Rinkhals (Hemachatus haemachatus)



Boomslang - male (Dispholidus typus)



Puff Adder (Bitis arietans)



Common Night Adder (*Causus rhombeatus*)



Short-snouted Grass Snake (*Psammophis brevirostris*)



Spotted Skaapsteker (*Psammophylax rhombeatus*)



Mole Snake (Pseudaspis cana)



Bibron's Stiletto Snake (Atractaspis bibronii)



Herald Snake (Crotaphopeltis hotaemboeia) - photo Luke Kemp



Black-headed Centipede-eater (Aparallactus capensis)



Aurora House Snake (Lamprophis aurora)



Brown House Snake
(Boaedon capensis) - photo Luke Kemp



Common Wolf Snake (Lycophidion capense)



Brown Water Snake (Lycodonomorphus rufulus)



Common Egg-eater (Dasypeltis scabra)



JOHAN MARAIS is the author of various books on reptiles including the best-seller *A Complete Guide to Snakes of Southern Africa*. He is a popular public speaker and CEO of the African Snakebite Institute. The African Snakebite Institute (ASI) offers a variety of courses including Snake Awareness, Scorpion Awareness and Venomous Snake Handling. ASI is accredited by the International Society of Zoological Sciences (ISZS) and Travel Doctor-approved service provider. The courses are also accredited by the Health Professions Council of

South Africa (HPCSA). ASI is the largest provider of quality snake handling and safety equipment in Africa.

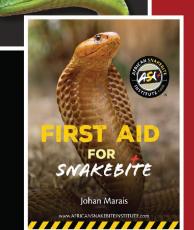


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Snakes

Snakebite
IN SOUTHERN AFRICA



EMERGENCY PROTOCOL

IN THE EVENT OF A SNAKE BITE

1 Keep the victim calm, immobilized and transport the victim to the closest hospital without delay.

2 If the victim stops breathing, resort to artificial respiration or make use of a Bag Valve Mask.

DO NOT —

... apply a tourniquet.

- ... cut and suck the wound.
- ... use ice or very hot water.
- ... give the victim alcohol.
- ... apply electric shock.
- ... inject antivenom randomly. Antivenom (if required) must be administered by a doctor in a hospital environment.